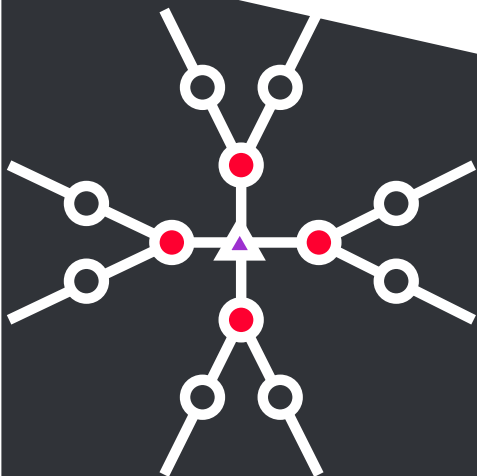


LOCAL SYMMETRIES IN NETWORKS

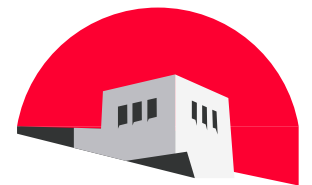
Petter Holme

University of New Mexico, Albuquerque, USA

e-print physics/0605029



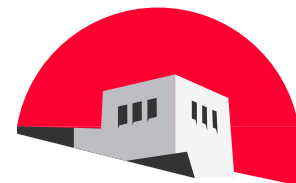
<http://www.cs.unm.edu/~holme/>



the idea



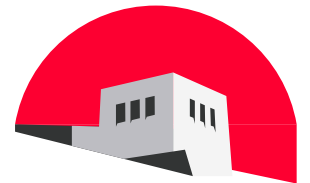
- ★ Symmetries = invariance to certain (usually geometric) operators.



the idea



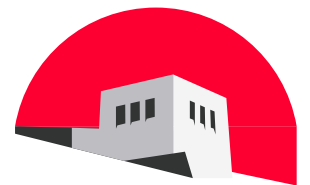
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- ★ Symmetries are useful concepts in many areas of physics.



the idea



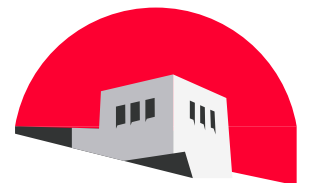
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- ★ What symmetries are relevant in networked systems.



the idea



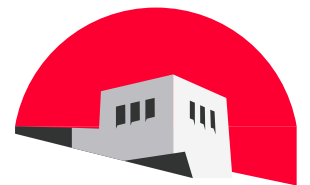
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- ★ How can we measure them? How can we define a local symmetry coefficient.



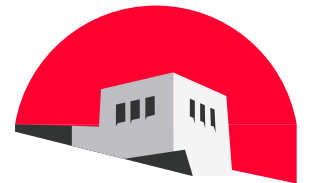
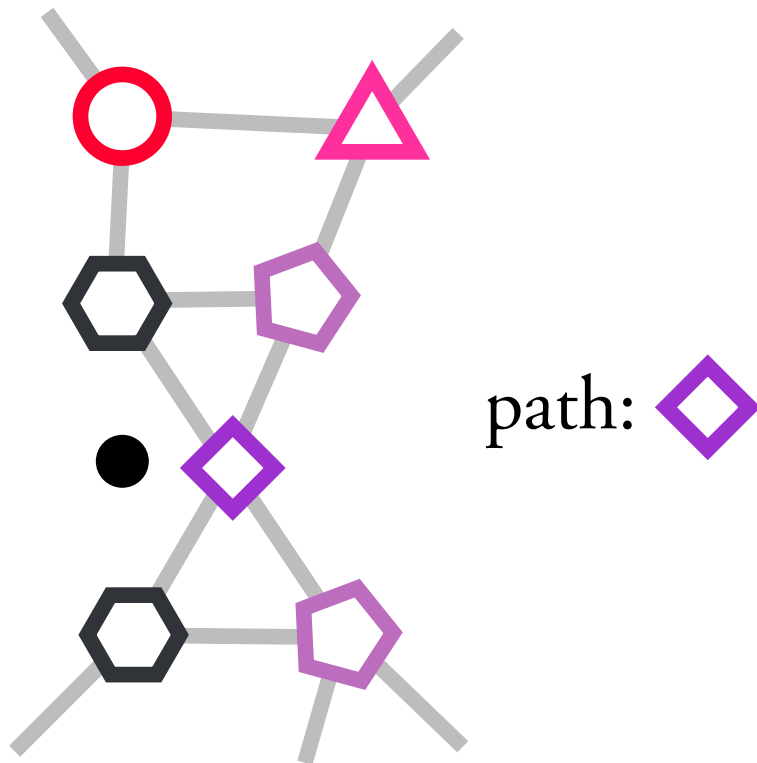
the idea



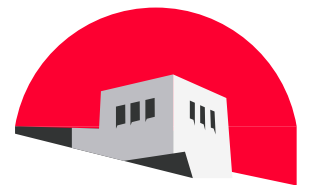
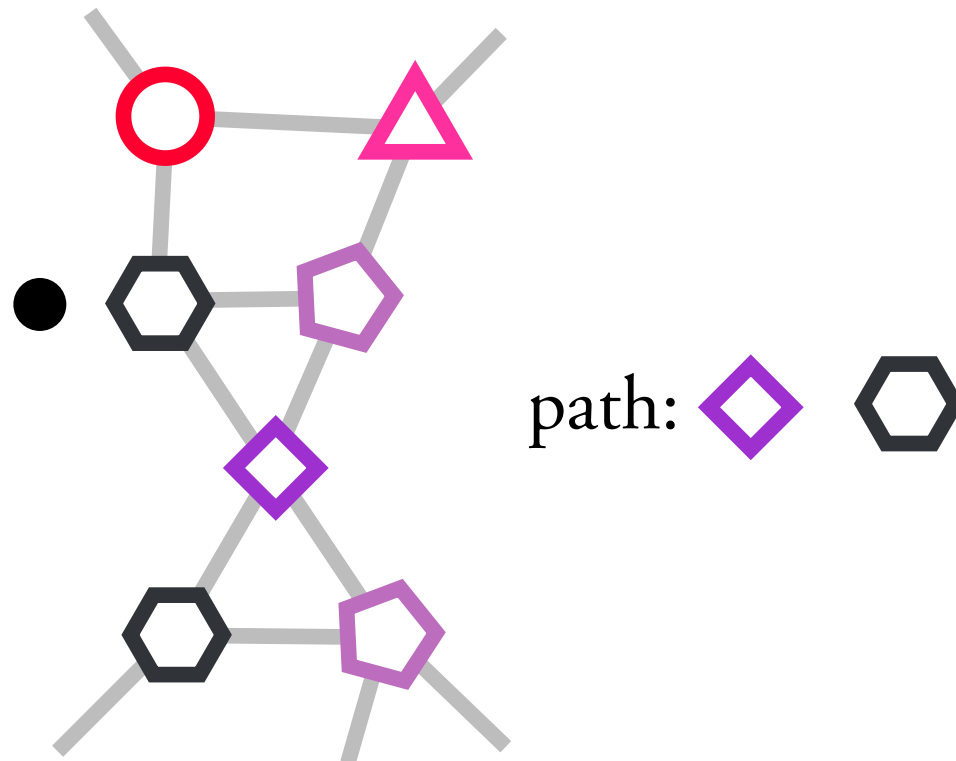
- ★ Symmetries = invariance to certain (usually geometric) operators.
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- ★ What symmetries are relevant in networked systems.
- ★ How can we measure them? How can we define a local symmetry coefficient.
- ★ What does a center of local symmetry mean?



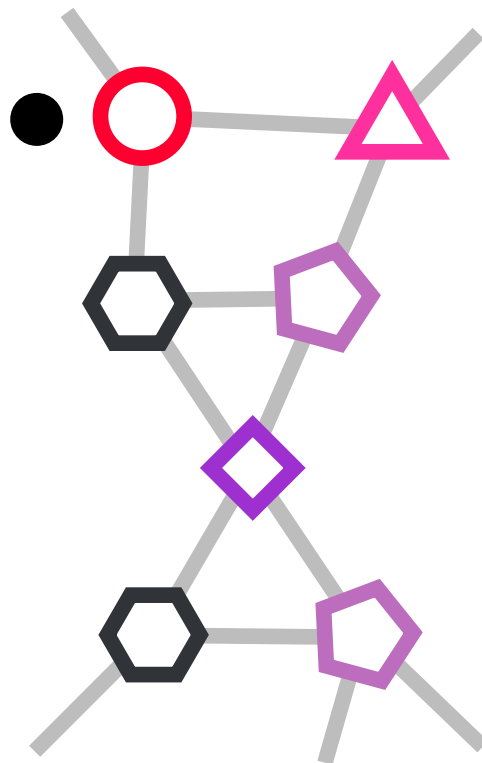
what operator? role of paths



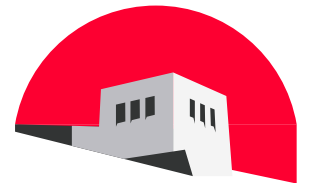
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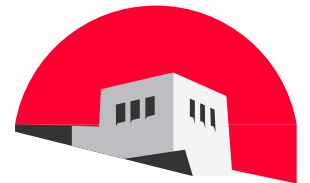
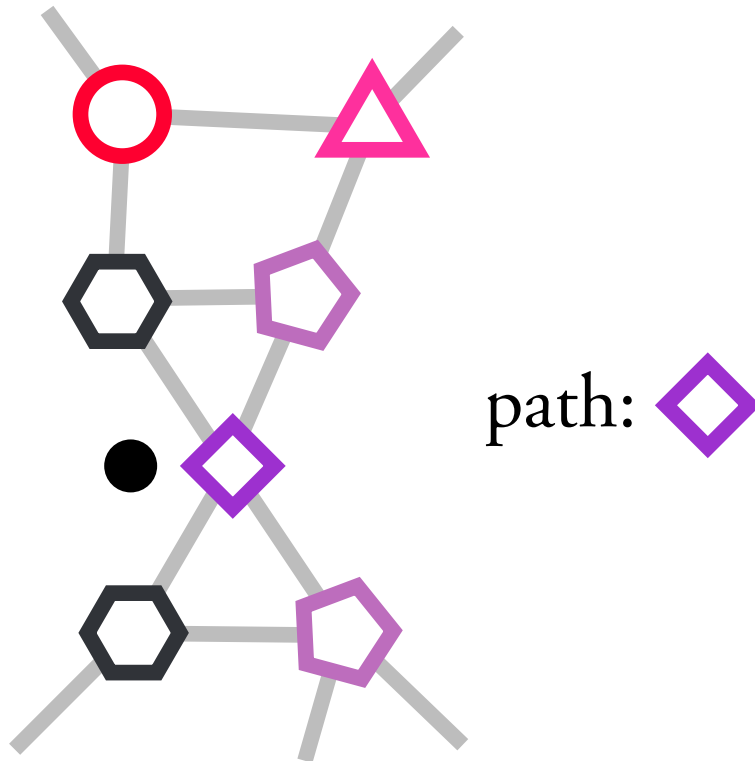
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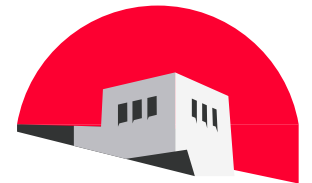
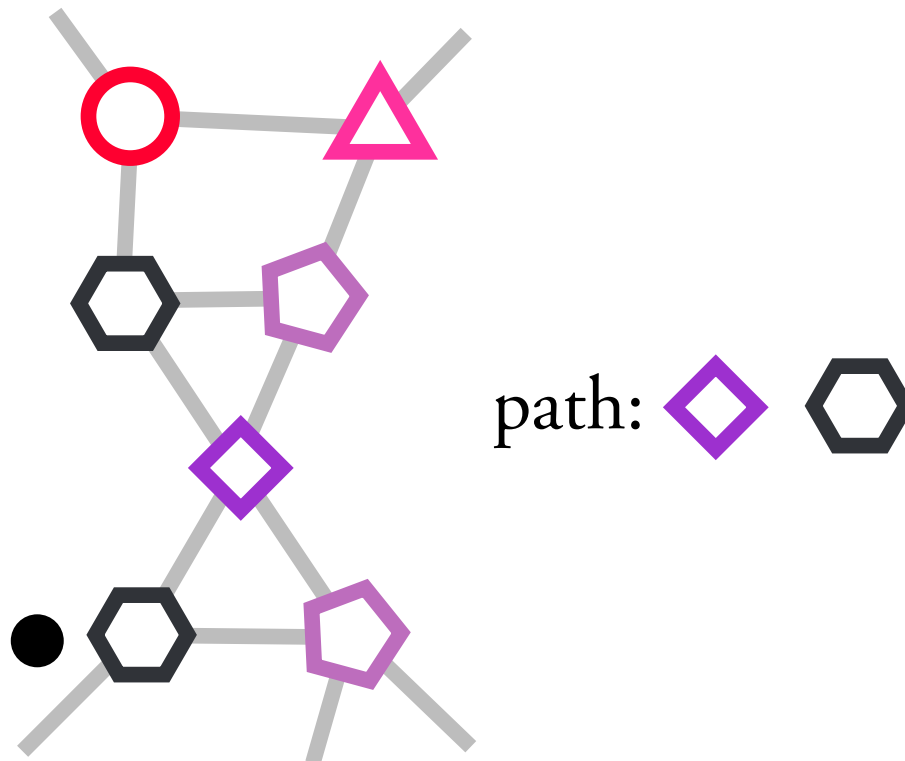
path:   



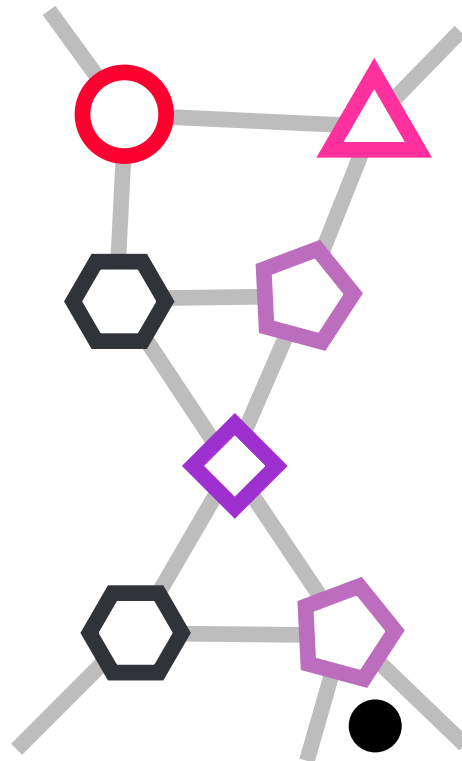
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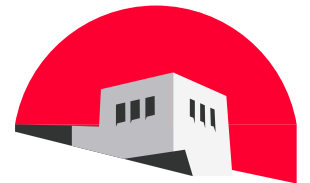
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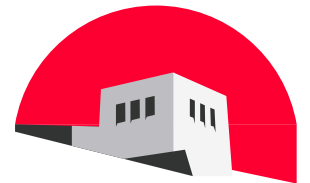
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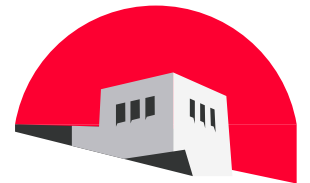
- ★ In many cases: the network is experienced by walking on it.



what operator? role of paths



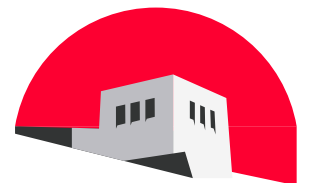
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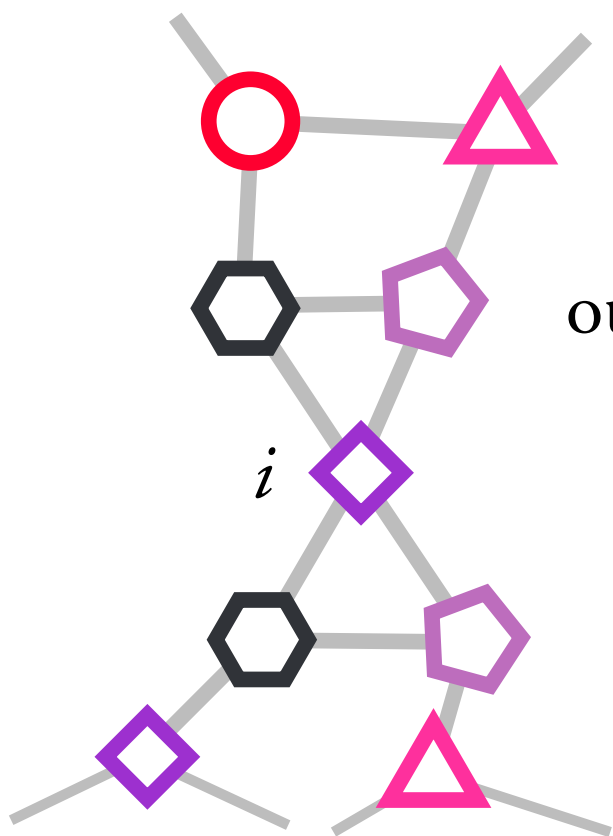
what operator? role of paths



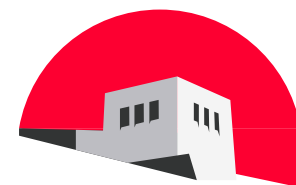
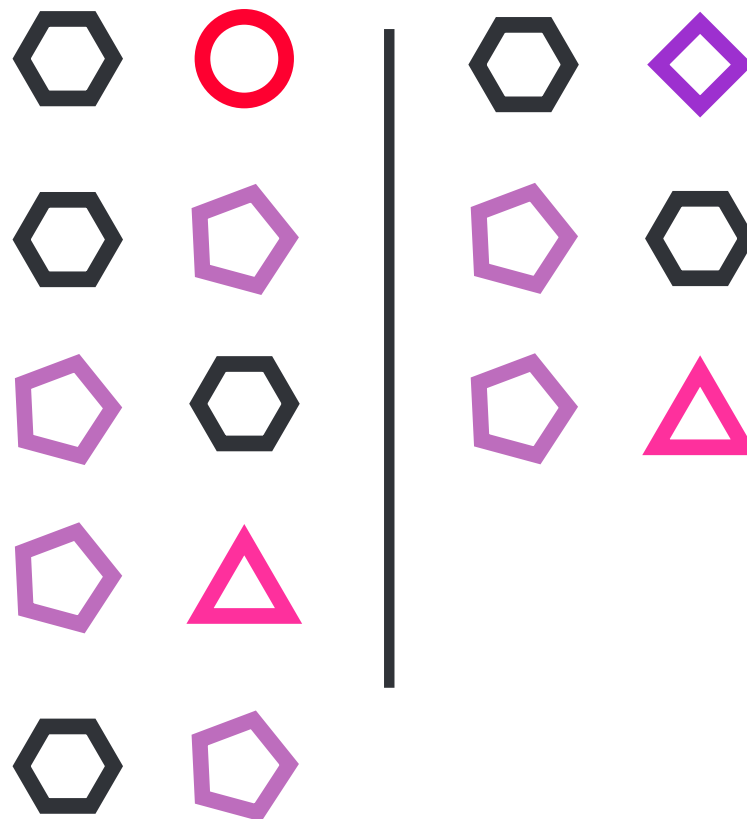
- ★ In many cases: the network is experienced by walking on it.
- ★ If many paths out from a vertex are similar, that vertex is a center of symmetry.
- ★ The surrounding of the vertex is functionally invariant with respect to permutations of the paths.



definition of the coefficient



2-paths:
out from i

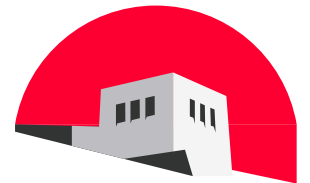
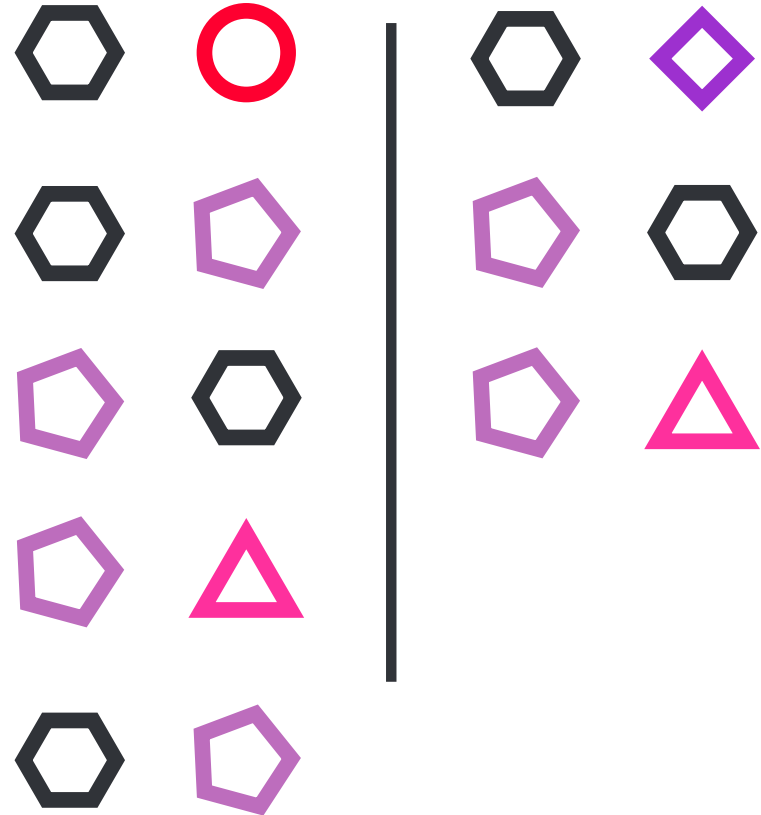


definition of the coefficient



idea:

- ★ look at the pairs of vertices at a distance d of forked paths

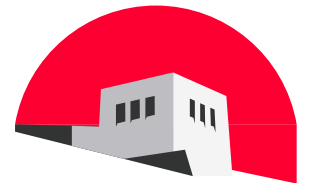
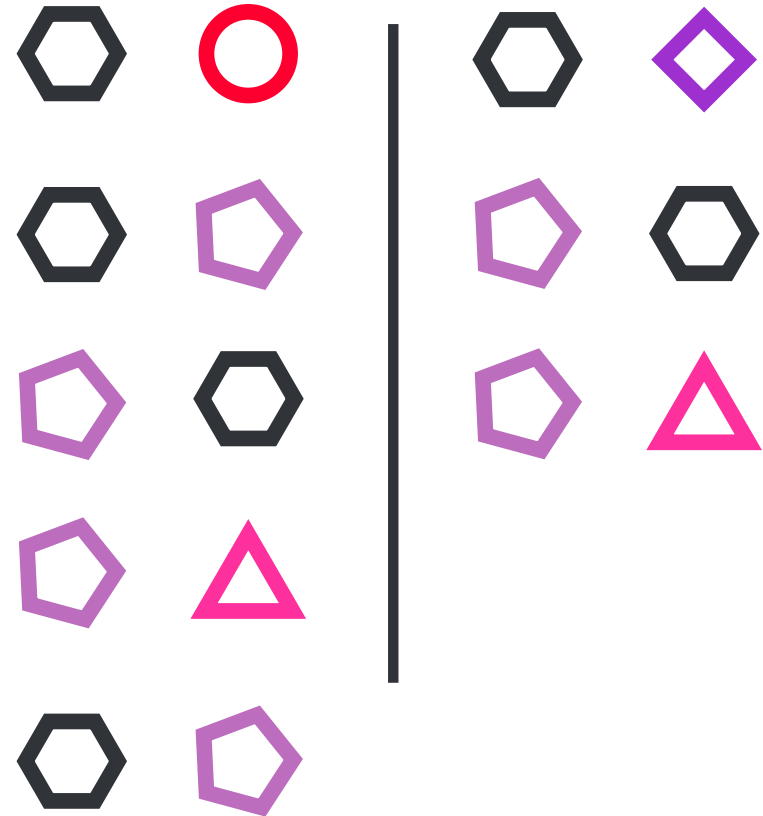


definition of the coefficient



idea:

- ★ look at the pairs of vertices at a distance d of forked paths
- ★ count the fraction of overlapping such pairs

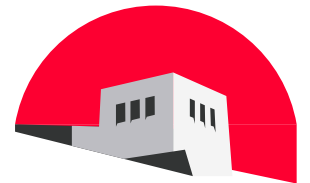
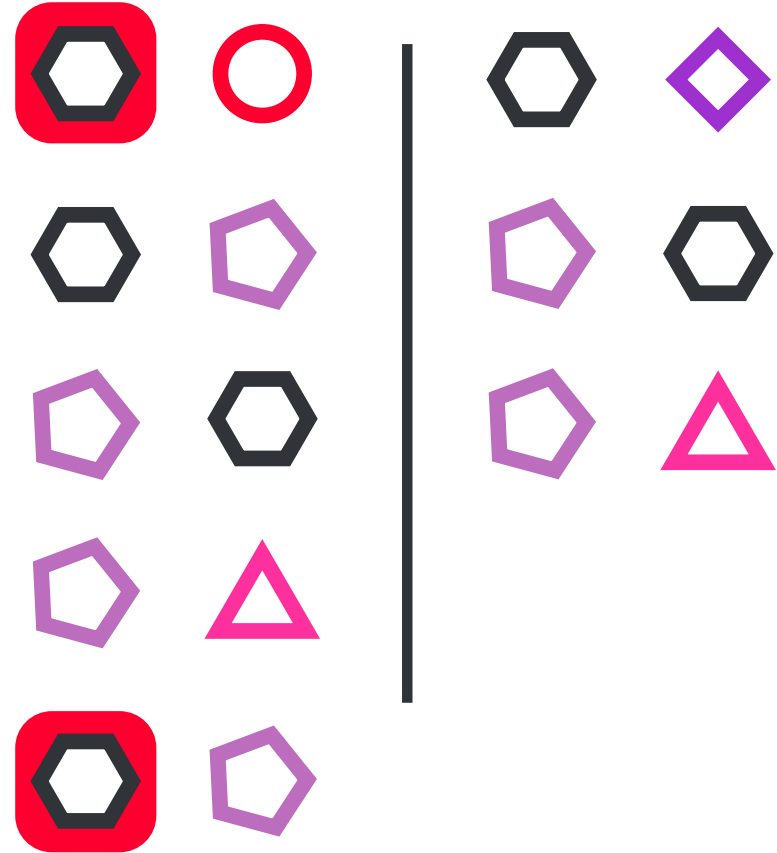


definition of the coefficient



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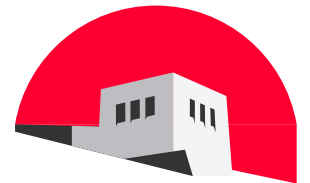
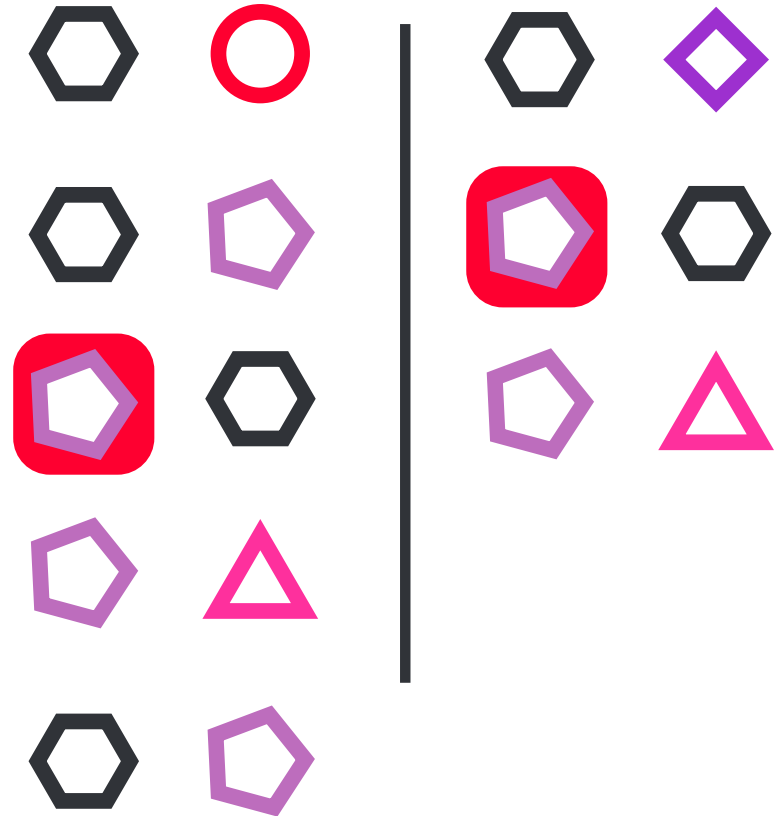


definition of the coefficient



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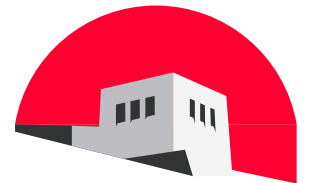
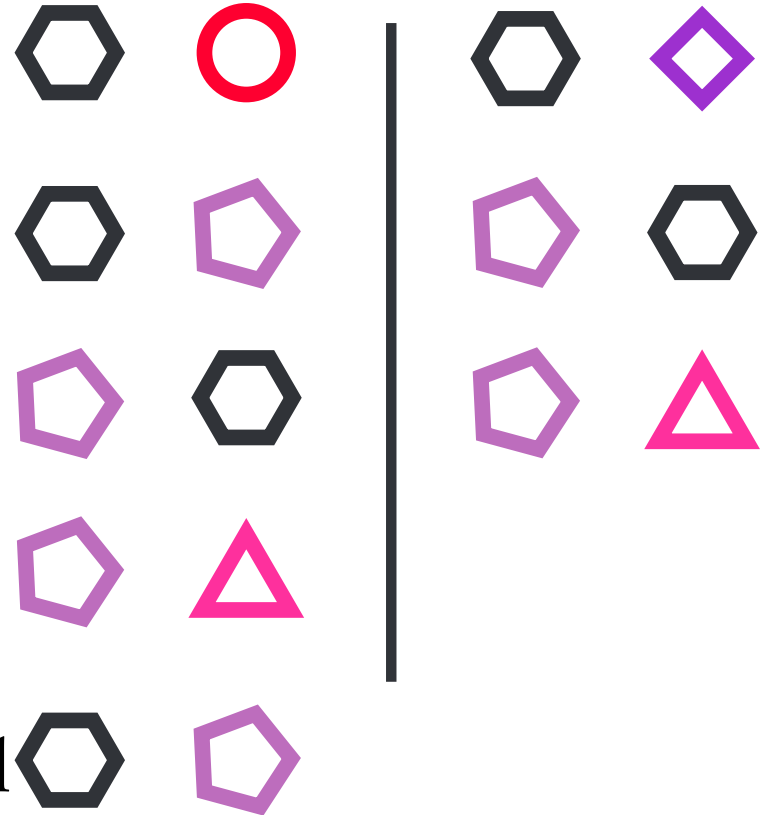


definition of the coefficient



idea:

- ★ look at the pairs of vertices at a distance d of forked paths
- ★ count the fraction of overlapping such pairs
- ★ subtract the expected value from a null-model



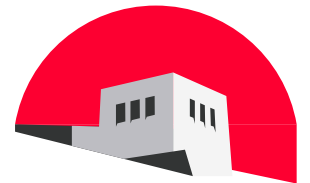
definition of the coefficient



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} = local symmetry coefficient



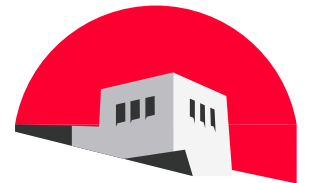
functional similarity



What determines if a vertex is  or  ?

How define equivalence classes?

★ Degree.



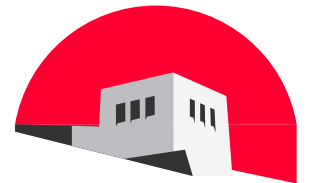
functional similarity



What determines if a vertex is  or  ?

How define equivalence classes?

- ★ Degree.
- ★ Clustering coefficient (or any other vertex specific network measure).



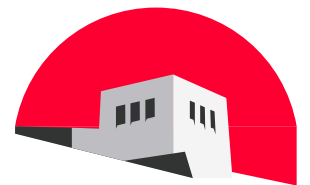
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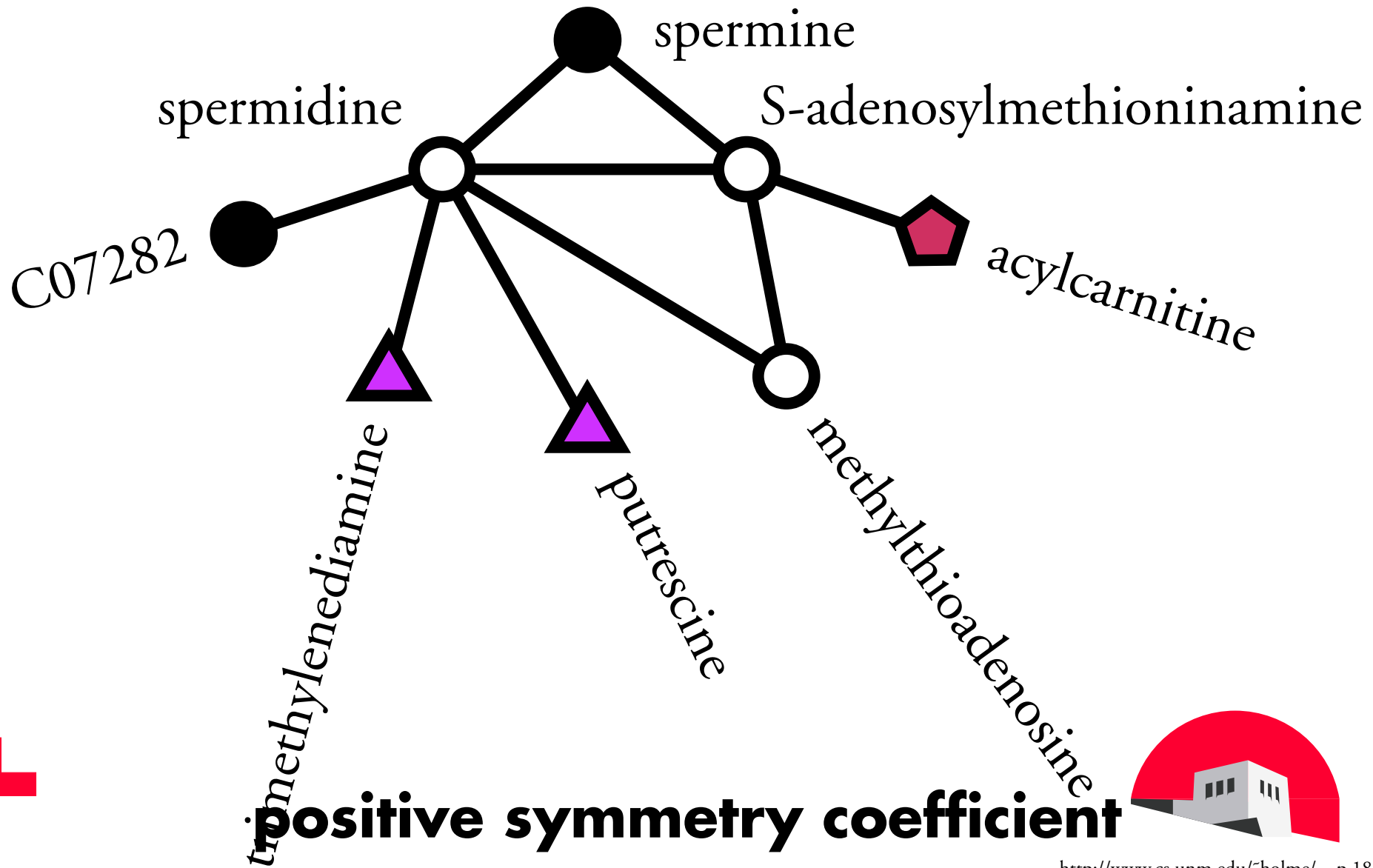
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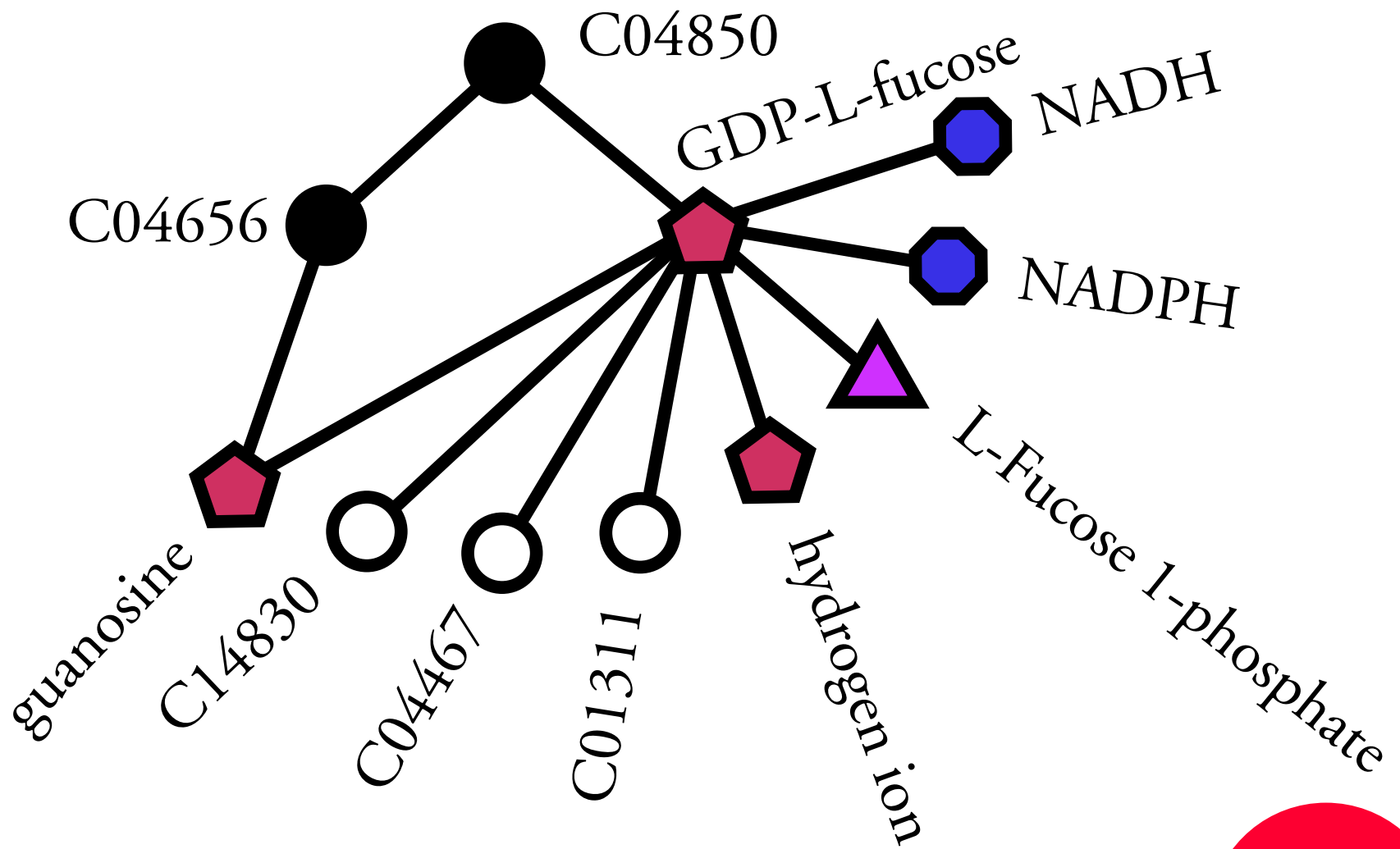
- ★ Degree.
- ★ Clustering coefficient (or any other vertex specific network measure).
- ★ External functionality. E.g. protein function.



degree sym.: human metabolism



degree sym.: human metabolism



negative symmetry coefficient

